# THE MAHARAJA SAYAJIRAO UNIVERSITY OF BARODA, VADODARA Ph. D. ENTRANCE TEST (PET) – 27<sup>th</sup> January 2019

Signature of Invigilators	Political Science (19/09)	Roll. No. (in figures as in Hall Ticket)  Roll No		
	_	(in words)		
Maximum Marks: 50	No. Of Printed Pages: 8			

#### **Instruction for the Candidate:**

- 1. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page.
- 2. This paper consists of FIFTY (50) multiple choice type questions. Each Question carries ONE (1) mark.
- 3. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below:
  - a. To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page, Do not accept a booklet without sticker seal and do not accept an open booklet.
  - b. Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faculty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
  - c. After this verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered on the OMR Answer Sheet and the OMR Answer Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
- 4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.

**Example:** (A) (D) where (B) is correct response.

- 5. Your responses to the items are to be indicated on the OMR Answer Sheet under Paper II only. If you mark your response at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- 6. Read instructions given inside carefully.
- 7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
- 8. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, such as change of response by scratching or using white fluid, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 9. You have to return the original OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are however, allowed to carry original question booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Answer Sheet on conclusion of examination
- 10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
- 11. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.
- 12. There shall be no negative marking.

19/09

## Political Science (19/09)

Note: This paper contains FIFTY (50) multiple-choice questions. Each Question carries ONE (1) mark.

- 01) "If all the mankind minus one, were of one opinion, and only one person were of the contrary opinion, mankind would be no more justified in silencing that one person, than he, if he had the power, would be justified in silencing mankind". Who among the following made this statement?
  - A) M K Gandhi
  - B) Martin Luther King
  - C) John Rawls
  - D) JS Mill
- 02) Plato advocated
  - A) a universal concept of justice
  - B) a purely legal concept of justice
  - C) a metaphysical concept of justice
  - D) a concept of justice which combined all the above
- 03) What constitutes the mean in Aristotle's social structure
  - A) Middle Class
  - B) Peasantry
  - C) Landowners
  - D) Slaves
- 04) Who among the following said that political theory contains factors of three types: the factual, the causal and the valuational
  - A) Leo Strauss
  - B) Michael Oakeshott
  - C) George Sabine
  - D) Ernest Barker
- 05) Match List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the keys given below

List I	(Thinker)		List II(Idea	)	
a. Plato	)	i.	Difference		
b. John	Rawls		Principle		
c. Immanuel Kant			ii. Allegory of the		
d. Antonio			Cave		
Gramsci		iii.	iii. Cultural		
G1 <b>4411</b> 15 <b>0</b> 1			Hegemony		
			Perpetual P	eace	
Keys:		•	•		
-	a	b	c	d	
A)	iii	ii	iv	i	
B)	ii	i	iv	iii	
<i>C</i> )	••	•	***	iv	
C)	ii	i	111	IV	

- 06) Consider the following statements of Marx
  - i. The Dictatorship of the Proletariat shall be as repressive and ruthless as the capitalist system
  - ii. The Dictatorship of the Proletariat shall aim at the abolition of all the classes
- iii. During the period of the Dictatorship of the Proletariat, the majority shall resort to oppression of the former exploiters
- iv. The period of the Dictatorship of the Proletariat shall follow the abolition of the state

#### Of the above statements:

- A) i, ii and iv are correct
- B) ii, iii and iv are correct
- C) i, ii and iii are correct
- D) All are correct

07) Match List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the keys given below

answer from the keys given below						
List I	(Author)	Lis	List II(Title of Book)			
0. 001111	Rawls	ii. <u>La</u> v	ii. <u>Laws</u>			
c. Amartya Sen			iii. The Idea of Justice			
d. Robert Nozick		iv. An	iv. Anarchy, State and			
		<u>Uto</u>	Utopia			
Keys:						
	a	b	c	d		
A)	ii	<b>b</b>	c iii	d iv		
		b i i	iii ii	-		
A)	ii	i	iii	iv		

- 08) "Means are after all everything; as the means so the end. There is no wall of separation between means and end". Who said the following
  - A) Immanuel Kant
  - B) M K Gandhi
  - C) Jawaharlal Nehru
  - D) John Locke
- 09) Which one of the following has been wrongly listed as a work written by B R Ambedkar
  - A) Annihilation of Caste
  - B) Gulamgiri
  - C) Buddha and his Dharma
  - D) Evolution of Provincial Finances in British India

- 10) Who among the following is the author of the book *Between Facts and Norms?* 
  - A) Auguste Comte
  - B) Martin Heidegger
  - C) Hans-Georg Gadamer
  - D) Jurgen Habermas
- 11) The term bureaucracy was coined by which of the following thinkers?
  - A) Karl Marx
  - B) Antonio Gramsci
  - C) Vincent de Gournay
  - D) Max Weber
- 12) Who among the following is regarded as the "father of human relations theory"?
  - A) F W Taylor
  - B) Elton Mayo
  - C) Henry Fayol
  - D) Herbert Simon
- 13) Who among the following rejected the principle of administration as myths and proverbs?
  - A) Herbert Simon
  - B) M P Follet
  - C) Fred Riggs
  - D) Luther Gullick
- 14) Given below are two statements, one labelled Assertion and the second Reason. Choose the correct relationship from the options given below.

Assertion (A): Practical application of unity of command is not always possible.

Reason (R): Technical and administrative tasks require different kinds of supervision.

#### Choose the correct option

- A) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
- B) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C) A is true; R is false
- D) A is false; R is true
- 15) Who said "Successful management involves management by objectives"
  - A) Robert Dahl
  - B) Paul Appleby
  - C) Chester Barnard
  - D) Peter Drucker

- 16) According to Herbert Simon, a decision is usually compounded of
  - A) Many value statements and many fact statements
  - B) Many value statements and one fact statements
  - C) One value statement and many fact statements
  - D) No value statement and no fact statement
- 17) Which one of the following principles of organization has not been enunciated by Mooney and Reily
  - A) Coordinating Principle
  - B) Equity Principle
  - C) Scalar Principle
  - D) Functional Principle
- 18) Who among the following introduced the concept of zone of indifference in an organization?
  - A) Luther Gullick
  - B) Herbert Simon
  - C) Chester Barnard
  - D) Abraham Maslow
- 19) Who defined bureaucracy as a state-mystifying institution?
  - A) Karl Marx
  - B) Max Weber
  - C) Edward Shils
  - D) Rajni Kothari
- 20) The book *The Functions of the Executive* is authored by
  - A) Chester Barnard
  - B) Henry Fayol
  - C) Woodrow Wilson
  - D) L D White
- 21) Consider the following statements:
  - (i) The Parliament is empowered to alter the boundaries of any state in India.
  - (ii) A Bill pertaining to the alteration of the boundaries of any existing state in India can be introduced only in the Rajya Sabha and only on the recommendation of the President of India.

Which of the above statements is /are correct?

- A) Only (i)
- B) Only (ii)
- C) Both (i) and (ii)
- D) Neither (i) nor (ii)

- 22) What were the salient features of the Government of India Act, 1935?
  - (i) Provincial autonomy
  - (ii) Introduction of dyarchy at the Centre
  - (iii) Abolition of dyarchy in the provinces
  - (iii) Retention of excluded areas

### Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- A) (ii) and (iii)
- B) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- C) (i), (iii) and (iv)
- D) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- 23) Which among the following scrutinizes the Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India?
  - A) Public Accounts Committee
  - B) Department of Expenditure
  - C) Accountant General
  - D) Cabinet Secretariat
- 24) The constitution of India has borrowed the idea of Directive Principles from the constitution of
  - A) Canada
  - B) Ireland
  - C) United States
  - D) United Kingdom
- 25) Which Supreme Court judge played a pivotal role in the introduction of Public Interest Litigation?
  - A) Justice P. N. Bhagwati
  - B) Justice K. S. Hegde
  - C) Justice A. N. Ray
  - D) Justice P. B. Gajendragadkar
- 26) Who among the following scholars described the party system prevailing in India in the early years after Independence as "one party dominance system"?
  - A) Bhikhu Parekh
  - B) Myron Weiner
  - C) Granville Austin
  - D) Rajni Kothari

- 27) Which of the following statements is the correct sequence through which an Ordinary Bill passes through the Parliament?
  - A) Authentication, Discussion of Principles, Clause-by-Clause consideration, Postintroduction motion, Assert
  - B) Post-introduction motion, Discussion of Principles, Clause-by-Clause consideration, Authentication, Assent
  - C) Discussion of Principles, Authentication, Postintroduction motion, Clause-by-Clause consideration, Assent
  - D) Discussion of Principles, Post-introduction motion, Clause-by-Clause consideration, Authentication, Assent

28) Match List- I with List- II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

answer from the codes given below:						
List I				List I	I	
a. Sharad Joshi			1.	. Water Conservation		
b. Dattopant Thengadi				Movement		
c. Rajendra Singh			2.	Chipko Movement		
d. Sundar Lal			3.	Farmers Movement		
Bahuguna			4.	Workers'		
				Movement		
Codes:						
a b			•	c	d	
A)	3	4		1	2	
B)	3	1		4	2	
C)	2	4		1	3	
D)	2	1		4	3	

- 29) The policy of reservation of jobs in government is principally aimed at addressing the problem of
  - A) Natural inequality
  - B) Inequality of wealth
  - C) Inequality of opportunity
  - D) Inequality of rights
- 30) Who among the following has described India as "weak-strong state"?
  - A) A. Lloyd and Susan Rudolph
  - B) B. Gunnar Myrdal
  - C) C. Rajni Kothari
  - D) D. K.C. Wheare

- 31) Which of the following statements are not correct?
  - As per the provisions of the Constitution, the Council of Ministers is both collectively and individually responsible to the Lok Sabha
  - ii. A motion expressing lack of confidence in an individual minister is not admissible.
  - iii. A no-confidence motion must set out the grounds on which it is based.
  - iv. If a no-confdence motion is passed by the Lok Sabha, the Council of Ministers is bound to resign.

### Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- A) A. I and II
- B) B. I and III
- C) C. I, II and III
- D) D. II and III
- 32) Which of the following statements is NOT true for the idea of participatory democracy?
  - A) It regards competitive theory of democracy as unduly minimalist
  - B) It calls for reforms in social and political structure of decision-making
  - C) It justifies political apathy
  - D) It calls for radical transformation of citizenship
- 33) Identify the correct sequence of the following input functions of Gabriel Almond's Political System theory:
  - i. Interest aggregation
  - ii. Interest articulation
  - iii. Political socialisation and recruitment
  - iv. Political communication

### Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- A) (ii), (iii), (i) and (iv)
- B) (iii), (ii), (i) and (iv)
- C) (iii), (i), (ii) and (iv)
- D) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- 34) Which of the following is a type of electoral system?
  - A) First past the post
  - B) Proportional representation
  - C) Hybrid
  - D) All of the above
- 35) Which term describes best a set of attitudes and practices that shape a people's political behaviour?
  - A) Political Party
  - B) Political Socialization
  - C) Social culture
  - D) Political culture

- 36) Which one of the following statements is not correct with regard to Comparative Politics?
  - A) It developed most after behavioural revolution in Political Science
  - B) It compares institutions and not processes
  - C) It studies, analyses and understands empirical aspects of politics
  - D) It helps in arriving at certain general principles of comparison
- 37) Characteristics of political modernization are:
  - 1. Growth of formal political institutions
  - 2. Emergence of single secular and national authority
  - 3. Adherence to traditional authorities
  - 4. Identification of individual with the political system

### Select the correct answer from the options given below:

- A) 1,2 and 3
- B) 2,3, and 4
- C) 1.3 and 4
- D) 1,2 and 4
- 38) 'Bay of Pigs' is associated with which event during the Cold War?
  - A) Cuban missile crisis
  - B) Invasion of Hungary
  - C) Korean War
  - D) Blockage of Suez Canal
- 39) Peace of Versailles negotiations held in 1919 became the reference point for a discussion on which one of the concepts listed below?
  - A) Decolonization
  - B) Right to Self-Determination
  - C) Human Rights
  - D) International Justice
- 40) Which one of the following is not an NGO campaigning for human rights?
  - A) A. Amnesty International
  - B) B. World Watch
  - C) C. PUCL
  - D) D. Oxfam
- 41) Which scholar proposed the "Functional Theory of Integration"?
  - A) David Mitrany
  - B) Ernst Haas
  - C) Joseph Nye
  - D) Andrew Linklater

- 42) Who among the following has rejected the notion of a 'Third World', claiming that there is only one world connected by a complex network of economic exchange relationships in a world economy?
  - A) Immanuel Wallerstein
  - B) Andre Gunder Frank
  - C) Samir Amin
  - D) Paul Baran
- 43) Democratic Peace Theory is placed under which theoretical approach of International relations?
  - A) Structural Realism
  - B) Republican Realism
  - C) Neo-Realism
  - D) Institutional Liberalism
- 44) Who is credited with popularizing the idea of 'Soft Power'?
  - A) Joseph Nye
  - B) Hans Morgenthau
  - C) Samir Amin
  - D) S. Chesterman
- 45) The policy of the "string of pearls" refers to
  - A) Network of American military facilities during the Cold War era
  - B) Network of Russian military facilities during the Cold War era
  - C) Export of Pearls from India
  - D) Network of Chinese military facilities along the sea lines of communication
- 46) Find the odd one out from the following choices:
  - A) EU
  - B) SAARC
  - C) OPEC
  - D) APEC
- 47) "Special Drawing Rights" are associated with
  - A) A. World Bank
  - B) B. World Trade Organization
  - C) C. International Monetary Fund
  - D) D. Food and Agricultural Organization
- 48) In which year did the UN General-Assembly adopt the Universal Declaration of Human Rights?
  - A) 1947
  - B) 1948
  - C) 1949
  - D) 1950

49) Match list I and list II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List I			List II		
b) ( c) I	Hague Convention Geneva Convention NF Treaty START II		ii. iii.	internation abduction	al al assiles ets of al child of nd of War use of
Codes:	Codes:				
	a	b	)	c	d
A)	i	i	i	iii	iv
B)	iii	i		iv	ii
C)	ii	ii	i	i	iv
D)	iv	i		ii	iii

- 50) Which of the following does not constitute the basic purpose of the United Nations?
  - A) Maintaining international peace and security
  - B) Domestic political stability in member states
  - C) Respect for human rights and welfare of people
  - D) Promotion of international cooperation

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#### Rough Work:

19/09