THE MAHARAJA SAYAJIRAO UNIVERSITY OF BARODA, VADODARA

Ph. D. ENTRANCE TEST (PET) 2023

Signature of Invigilator	Paper - II	Roll. No.						
	Political Science							
Maximum Marks: 50			No.	Of Pı	rinte	d Pa	ges: 8	8

Instruction for the Candidate:

- 1. This paper consists of FIFTY (50) multiple choice type questions. Each Question carries ONE (1) mark.
- 2. There is no Negative Marking for Wrong Answer.
- 3. A separate OMR Answer Sheet has been provided to answer questions. Your answers will be evaluated based on your response in the OMR Sheet only. No credit will be given for any answering made in question booklet.
- 4. Defective question booklet or OMR if noticed may immediately replace by the concerned invigilator.
- 5. Write roll number, subject code, booklet type, category and other information correctly in the OMR Sheet else your OMR Sheet will not be evaluated by machine.
- 6. Select most appropriate answer to the question and darken appropriate oval on the OMR answer sheet, with black / blue ball pen only. DO NOT USE PENCIL for darkening. In case of over writing on any answer, the same will be treated as invalid. Each question has exactly one correct answer and has four alternative responses (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.

Example: $(A) \oplus (C) \oplus (D)$ where (B) is correct response.

- 7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
- 8. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, such as change of response by scratching or using white fluid, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 9. Calculators, Log tables any other calculating devices, mobiles, slide rule, text manuals etc are NOT allowed in the examination hall. If any of above is seized from the candidates during examination time; he/ she will be immediately debarred from the examination and corresponding disciplinary action will be initiated by the Center Supervisor as deemed fit.
- 10. DO NOT FOLD or TEAR OMR Answer sheet as machine will not be able to recognize torn or folded OMR Answer sheet.
- 11. You have to return the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are however, allowed to carry original question booklet on conclusion of examination.

Paper - II **Political Science**

Note: This paper contains FIFTY (50) multiple-choice questions. Each Question carries ONE (1) mark.					
01) "So long as rational curiosity exists,	06) For Hobbes, 'Felicity' means				
political theory will not wholly perish from the					
earth." Who said this?	A) Continuous pursuit for a plurality of goods				
A) George Sabine	B) Pleasure				
B) Harold Laski	C) Empathy				
C) Isaiah Berlin	D) Self-Preservation				
D) G W Leibniz	07) Who among the following wrote, "Laws are				
	the rules of just and unjust; nothing being				
02) Which of the following is NOT a characteristic					
feature of the liberal political tradition?	law"?				
A) Individualist conception of the self	A) Bentham				
B) People as culturally situated	B) Hegel				
C) State as an artificial necessary institution	C) Rousseau				
D) Public-private dichotomy	D) Hobbes				
03) Which of the following has conceptualized	08) Match List I with Li	ist II and select the	e correct		
gender/sex in terms of performativity?	answer from the codes given below:				
A) Carole Pateman	List I (Concept)	List II			
B) Judith Butler		(Thinker)			
C) Wendy Brown	a. Perpetual peace	1. Plato			
D) Luce Irigaray	b. Golden Mean	2. Kant			
	c. Analogy of the	3. Aristotle			
04) Match List I with List II and select the correct	cave				
answer form the codes given below:	d. Fortune as a	4. Machiavelli			

	des given cerom
List I	List II (Dominant
(Thinker)	Concept)
a. Michael	1. Justice as
Walzer	mutual advantage
b. David Gauthier	2.Entitlement
	Theory of Justice
c. Nancy Fraser	3. Spheres of
-	Justice
d. Robert Nozick	4. Fractured
	discourse on
	justice

Codes:

a	b	с	d
A) 1	2	3	4
B) 3	1	4	2
C) 2	3	1	4
D) 4	1	2	3

- 05) Which of the following authored the book titled The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism?
 - A) Michael Oakeshott
 - B) Jurgen Habermas
 - C) Joseph Schumpeter
 - D) C B Macpherson

- d a b с 2 3 4 A) 1 3 B) 2 1 4 3 4
- C) 2 1 2 D) 4 3 1
- 09) Given below are two statements one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Select the correct answer from the codes given below.

Assertion (A): For Rawls, justice is the basic virtue of all social and political institutions. Reason (R): For Rawls, the loss of freedom for some is made right by greater good shared by others.

Codes:

woman

Codes:

- A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the right explanation of (A).
- B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the right explanation of (A).
- C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

- 10) Which of the following pairs of books and authors is wrongly matched?
 - A) Hannah Arendt On the Jewish Question
 - B) Frantz Fanon Decolonizing Madness
 - C) Antonio Gramsci The Southern Question
 - D) Karl Marx The Poverty of Philosophy
- 11) Who is the author of *Riddles of Hinduism*?
 - A) Aurobindo
 - B) Vivekananda
 - C) V D Savarkar
 - D) B R Ambedkar
- 12) . "Once God is let in, there is an end to the sovereignty of man." Who said this?
 - A) B.R. Ambedkar
 - B) Rammohun Roy
 - C) M.N. Roy
 - D) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 13) Which of the following are true of Jawaharlal Nehru?
- a. He was President of the Lahore Session of the Congress (1929)
- b. He was the first to give the idea of a Constituent Assembly
- c. He drafted the Fundamental Rights and Economic Policy Resolution
- d. He presented the Objective Resolution of the Constituent Assembly
- Select the right answers
 - A) a, b and c
 - B) a, b and d
 - C) b, c and d
 - D) a, c and d
- 14) Select the correct pair of author and book.
 - A) B R Ambedkar *Pakistan or the Partition* of India
 - B) E V Ramasamy Gulamgiri
 - C) Pandita Ramabai Stri Purush Tulna
 - D) Rabindranath Tagore Savitri
- 15) "An error does not become truth by reason of multiplied propagation, nor does truth become error because nobody sees it. Truth stands, even if there be no public support, it is selfsustained." Who said this?
 - A) G K Gokhale
 - B) M K Gandhi
 - C) V D Savarkar
 - D) Deendayal Upadhyay

- 16) Consider the following features and answer the question given below:
 - a. Presence of a nominal or titular head of state
 - b. Collective responsibility of the cabinet
 - c. Accountability of the executive to the legislature
 - d. Strict Separation of powers

Which of the above features are the features of a parliamentary form of government?

- A) b, c and d
- B) a, b and c
- C) a, b and d
- D) a, c and d
- 17) Which of the following cannot be associated with behaviouralism?
 - A) Input-Output Analysis
 - B) Structural Functional Approach
 - C) Historical Approach
 - D) Communication Approach
- 18) The American constitution originally did not give to the Supreme Court the right to constitutional review. The Supreme Court took this power for itself when it ruled in the case of:
 - A) Marbury vs. Madison
 - B) MaCulloch vs. Maryland
 - C) Gibbons vs. Ogden
 - D) Schenk vs. United States
- 19) Robert Merton's concept of 'Political Machine' in a large city is associated with:
 - A) Decentralization of power
 - B) Behaviouralism
 - C) Functionalism
 - D) Bureaucracy

C) 4

D) 2

20) Match List- I with List -II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List –I			List- II		
(a) C. Wr	(a) C. Wright Mills		1. Iron Law of		
			Oligarchy		
(b) Vladimir Lenin		in	2. Ruling class		
(c) Gaetano Mosca		ca	3. Vanguard Party		
(d) Rober	rt Miche	els	4. Power Elite		
Cod	es:				
а	b	с	d		
A) 1	3	4	2		
B) 2	4	3	1		

2

3

3

1

1

4

 21) The 'Sagarmala' project is aimed at A) Forming alliance of Indian Ocean Rim countries B) Countering China's rising influence in the Indo-Pacific region C) Forming an alliance between India and Sri Lanka D) Developing the potential of India's coastline and internal waterways by building infrastructure 22) Inegalitarian and discriminatory practices causing human misery like poverty, hunger, repression, and social alienation are described by peace researchers as: A) Class alienation 	 27) Which of the following points is / are correct about the Paris Agreement? Choose the correct answer from the codes given below. (1) It entered into force on 4 November 2016 (2) The signatories agreed to the convening of meetings every 5 years (3) It includes regular transparent reporting of every country's carbon reduction (4) The goal is to bring down pollution levels so that the rise in global temperature can be limited to 2 degrees Celsius above pre-Industrial levels Codes:
A) Class alienation	A) 1 & 4
B) Negative Peace	B) 2 & 3
C) Structural Violence	C) 1, 2, 3
D) Structural Conflict	D) 1,2,3,4
 23) Martin Wight emphasized three philosophical traditions of International politics, they are A) Realism, Liberalism, Marxism B) Realism, Rationalism, Revolutionism C) Radicalism, Realism, Religion D) Neo- Realism, Neo- Liberalism, Constructivism 24) Who is associated with the idea of soft power? A) Joseph Nye B) Martin Wight C) Hans Morgenthau D) Samuel Huntington 25) Which scholar propounded the "Functional Theory of Integration"? 	 28) India has Kalapani territorial dispute with A) Bangladesh B) Bhutan C) Nepal D) Myanmar 29) Under the Indus Water Treaty (IWT), India has been given the exclusive right over the rivers of 1. Chenab 2. Ravi 3. Beas 4. Indus 5. Satluj 6. Jhelum
A) David Mitarny	
B) Ernst Haas	Select the correct answer using the codes given
C) Joseph's Nye	below:
D) Andrew Linklater	A) 1, 2 and 3 only
	B) 1,3 and 4 only
26) Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty was signed	C) 2, 3 and 5 only
in the year:	D) 1,2 and 6 only
A) 1967	
B) 1968	30) Who is the author of the book 'The Anarchical
C) 1969	Society'?
D) 1972	A) Martin Wight
	B) Barry Buzan
	C) Kenneth Waltz
	D) Hedley Bull

- 31) According to the Indian Constitution, sessions of the Lok Sabha must be convened at least:
 - A) Thrice each year with no more than two months between sessions
 - B) Twice each year with no more than three months between sessions
 - C) Twice each year with no more than four months between sessions
 - D) Twice each year with no more than six months between sessions
- 32) Which Supreme Court Judge played a pivotal role in the introduction of Public Interest Litigation?
 - A) Justice P. N. Bhagwati
 - B) Justice K. S. Hegde
 - C) Justice A. N. Ray
 - D) Justice P. B. Gajendragadkar
- 33) In which of the following cases the Supreme Court judgment declared that the parliament has no power to amend any of the provisions of Part III of the Constitution?
 - A) Kesavanand Bharati case
 - B) Golak Nath case
 - C) Champakam Dorairajan case
 - D) Minerva Mills case
- 34) The Mandal Commission was appointed by the government led by
 - A) Indira Gandhi
 - B) Morarji Desai
 - C) Charan Singh
 - D) V. P. Singh
- 35) The idea of Directive Principles of State Policy in the Indian constitution is derived from the constitution of
 - A) Switzerland
 - B) Ireland
 - C) United States
 - D) Germany
- 36) The numerical strength of the Council of Ministers in India cannot exceed
 - A) ten percent of the strength of the legislature
 - B) fifteen percent of the strength of the legislature
 - C) twenty percent of the strength of the legislature
 - D) twenty five percent of the strength of the legislature

- 37) Which of the following are the discretionary powers given to the Governor of a state?
 - (1) Sending a report to the President of India for imposing the President's rule.
 - (2) Appointing the ministers.
 - (3) Reserving certain bills passed by the state legislature for consideration of the President of India.
 - (4) Making the rules to conduct the business of the State government.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A) 1 and 2 only
- B) 1 and 3 only
- C) 2, 3 and 4 only
- D) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 38) Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - A) Only the Rajya Sabha and not the Lok Sabha can have nominated members
 - B) There is a constitutional provision for nominating two members belonging to the Anglo-Indian community to the Rajya Sabha.
 - C) There is no constitutional bar for a nominated member to be appointed as a union minister.
 - D) A nominated member can vote both in the presidential and vice-presidential elections
- 39) Which one of the following statements correctly describes the 4th Schedule of the Constitution of India?
 - A) It contains the scheme of the distribution of powers between the union and the States.
 - B) It contains the languages listed in the constitution.
 - C) It contains the provisions regarding the administration of tribal areas.
 - D) It allocates seats in the Rajya Sabha
- 40) The Book titled "The Idea of India" is written by:
 - A) Shashi Tharoor
 - B) Ashutosh Varshney
 - C) Sunil Khilnani
 - D) Ruchir Sharma

- 41) "It is the object of administrative study to discover, first, what government can properly and successfully do, and, secondly, how it can do these proper things with the utmost possible efficiency and at the least possible cost either of money or of energy". Who said this?
 - A) L D White
 - B) Woodrow Wilson
 - C) Frank Goodnow
 - D) Chester Bernard
- 42) Given below are two statements one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Select the correct answer from the codes given below.

Assertion (A): New Public Administration openly rejected value neutrality.

Reason (R): Value neutrality in Public

Administration is an impossibility and the

discipline should explicitly espouse the cause of the disadvantaged sections of the Society. Codes:

- A) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- B) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- D) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- 43) Who drafted the Honey Report which was a breakthrough in the study of Public Administration?
 - A) Henry Honey
 - B) John C. Honey
 - C) Frederick Honey
 - D) James Honey
- 44) Gangplank was a concept developed by Henri Fayol which catered to which of the following phenomenon?
 - A) Following the channel of hierarchy
 - B) Establishing only one line of hierarchy
 - C) Jumping various levels of hierarchy
 - D) No hierarchy
- 45) POSDCORB was first coined by which of the following?
 - A) Henri Fayol
 - B) Woodrow Wilson
 - C) L D White
 - D) Luther Gulick

- 46) The classical theory of management was developed by
 - A) Frederick W. Taylor
 - B) Henry Fayol
 - C) Max Weber
 - D) Maslow
- 47) Which of the following are functions of NITI Aayog?
- (1) Fostering cooperative federalism
- (2) Platform for resolution of inter-sectoral and inter departmental issues
- (3) Instrument to bring outside ideas into policymaking
 - A) 1, 3
 - B) 1, 2
 - C) 2, 3
 - D) All of the above
- 48) Which of the following taxes was abolished by GST?
 - A) Capital Gains Tax
 - B) Wealth Tax
 - C) Service Tax
 - D) Professional Tax
- 49) Atal Innovation Mission is a scheme under:
 - A) Ministry of Information Technology
 - B) Ministry of Science and Technology
 - C) Council of Scientific and Industrial Research
 - D) Niti Ayog
- 50) The National Food Security Act does not provide for:
 - A) Subsidised ration for the poor
 - B) Special nutritional support to pregnant women
 - C) Inflation-linked food subsidy
 - D) Food security allowance

Rough Work: